the form of Load Boats, Handcart, Mosaic. Polishing Machines, Laundry Equipment, Band Instruments, Bakery, Soda Factory, Mike Sets, etc, the beneficiaries are generally happy.

Most of these items of assistance have been given only in Alleppey. Such diversified types of assistance deserve to be tried in Sambalpur also.

Statement

The names of the States and Districts covered by the PEO study

Sl. No.	State	District
1	Madhya Pradesh	Jhabua, Bastar, Damoh, Betul
2	Orissa	Koraput, Sundergarh
3	Jammu & Kashmir	Jammu, Anantnag
4	West Bengal	Darjeeling
5	Tamil Nadu	Kanya Kumari, Madurai
6	Haryana	Karnal, Jind
7	Andhra Pradesh	Guntur, Vizianagaram
8	Punjab	Ferozepur, Sangrur
9	Uttar Pradesh	Sultanpur, Mirzapur
10	Maharashtra	Osmanabad, Thane
11	Rajasthan	Bikaner, Jodhpur
12	Gujarat	Kheda, Rajkot
13	Kerala	Cannanore, Quilon
14	Karnataka	Uttar Kannada, Mysore
15	Bihar	Samastipur, Palamau
16	Himachal Pradesh	Una, Kullu

Distribution of Surplus land

1984. SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:
SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:
SHRI ASHWAN KUMAR:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what are the targets for different States and Union Territories in regard to distribution of the land in excess of land ceiling under the 20-point programme and what was the area of land found in excess of land-ceiling in each of the State/ Union Territories, out of it what was the area of land acquired, the area of land distributed and the area of land for which ownership has been given to the allottees; and

(b) what has been the impact of shortfall in the achievement of the targets regarding provision of land ownership to the poor on the achievements of various programmes and projects relatirg to removal of poverty

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDULAL CHANDRAKAR):

(a) Information sought is given in statements I and II. Government of India is not collecting information from States/Union Territories on area of land for which ownership has been given to the allottees.

(b) Redistributive land reforms form an intrinsic part of the anti-poverty strategy to increase productivity in agriculture and provide a permanent asset base to the rural landless poor for land based and supplementary activities. While over 61% of the area declared surplus has been distributed, about 8-g lakh acres have been reserved for public purpose, social forestry etc. being unfit for cultivation and about 16-2 lakh acres are involved in litigation. As a result of cases pending in courts and tribunals, this area of land remains to be distributed for which the Government of India has impressed upon the States to take adequate legislative and administrative measures to expedite disposal of case and distribute the available land amongst the landless poor.

Statement-I

Target and achievement under distribution of surplus land 1982-83

(*Acres*)

Sl. No.	State	Target	Achievement
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	12,600	22,500
2	Assam	87,400	8,080
3	Bihar	54,100	8,300
4	Gujarat	45,600	14,300
5	Haryana	4,200	3,140
6	Himachal Pradesh	—	—
7	Jammu & Kashmir	—	—
8	Karnataka	1,14.000	97,620
9	Kerala	2,500	2,590
10	Madhya Pradesh	58,600	8,040
11	Maharashtra	31,000	2,040
12	Manipur	600	420
13	Meghalaya	—	—
14	Nagaland	—	—
15	Orissa	32,700	8,410
16	Punjab	11,400	5,540
17	Rajasthan	10,000	17,800

1	2	3	4
18	Sikkim	—	—
19	Tamil Nadu	10,000	11,960
20	Tripura	200	320
21	Uttar Pradesh	16,600	4,830
22	West Bengal	38,900	23,590
	UNION TERRITORIES	300	790
	ALL INDIA	5,30,700	2,53,070

Targets and Achievement Under Distribution of Surplus Land 1983-84

(*In acres*)

Sl. No.	State	Target	Achievement
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	71,821	13,077
2	Assam	11,000	20,327
3	Bihar	25,000	22,678
4	Gujarat	10,000	29,816
5	Haryana	3,500	2,313
6	Himachal Pradesh	..	..
7	Jammu & Kashmir	..	..
8	Karnataka	55,000	6,322
9	Kerala	5,000	2,183
10	Madhya Pradesh	15,000	5,388
11	Maharashtra	9,886	7,382
12	Manipur	400	271
13	Meghalaya	..	..
14	Nagaland	..	..
15	Orissa	8,750	10,857
16	Punjab	2,000	2,690
17	Rajasthan	12,000	24,608
18	Sikkim	..	..
19	Tamil Nadu	10,000	11,412
20	Tripura	200	90

1	2	3	4
21	Uttar Pradesh	5,000	6,910
22	West Bengal	38,900	24,888
Union Territories:			
23	A. & N. Islands	..	..
24	Arunachal Pradesh	..	..
25	Chandigarh	..	..
26	D. & N. Haveli	125	318
27	Delhi	100	148
28	G. D. & Diu	..	..
29	Lakshadweep	..	..
30	Mizoram	..	..
31	Pondicherry	500	103
	ALL INDIA	2,84,182	1,90,996

Targets and Achievement under Distribution of Surplus land 1984-85

(in acres)

State/UTs	Target	Achievement
1	2	3
Andhra Pradesh	50,000	22,169
Assam	11,000	11,200
Bihar	27,850	20,351
Gujarat	12,000	12,943
Haryana	2,000	2,910
Himachal Pradesh	..	..
Jammu & Kashmir	..	..
Karnataka	7,030	6,671
Kerala	3,000	3,591
Madhya Pradesh	8,000	2,022
Maharashtra	10,000	13,210
Manipur	250	345

1	2	3
Meghalaya	..	..
Nagaland	..	..
Orissa	9,000	9,995
Punjab	900	997
Rajasthan	12,000	24,086
Tamil Nadu	5,000	5,067
Tripura	100	112
Uttar Pradesh	5,000	5,003
West Bengal	35,000	17,764
Unio Territories:		
A. & N. Islands	..	..
Arunachal Pradesh	..	..
Chandigarh	..	..
D. & N. Havali	165	165
Delhi	80	13
G. D. & Diu	..	..
Lakshadweep	..	..
Mizoram	..	..
Pondicherry	425	16
TOTAL	1,98,770	1,58,230

Targets and achievements under distribution of Surplus Land 1285-86

(*In Acres*)

State	Target	Achievement upto October, 1985
1	2	3
Andhra Pradesh	24,000	5,784
Assam	11,000	532
Bihar	20,000	8,246
Gujarat	12,000	4,308

1	2	3
Haryana	1,000	680
Himachal Pradesh	..	..
Karnataka	2,500	56
Kerala	1,500	314
Madhya Pradesh	1,500	1,836
Maharashtra	10,000	8,827
Manipur	250	..
Orissa	7,000	1,416
Punjab	60	818
Rajasthan	10,000	4,217
Tamil Nadu	3,000	1,498
Tripura	100	7 (Sept. figure)
Uttar Pradesh	1,000	2,250
West Bengal	20,000	6,525
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	120	100 (Cumulative achievement for UTs.)
Delhi	50	
Pondicherry	100	
TOTAL:	1,25,180	47,414

Statement-II

Cumulative Progress of Implementation of Ceiling Laws (Pre-revised) and Revised)

(In acres)

States	Area declared surplus	Areas taken possession of	Area distributed
1	2	3	4
Andhra Pradesh	10,39,842	4,70,984	3,42,035
Assam	7,00,945	6,04,675	3,93,435
Bihar	3,17,740	2,08,662	1,96,523
Gujarat	2,28,401	1,32,620	95,672
Haryana	1,57,735	1,36,883	1,36,258
Himachal Pradesh	2,84,053	2,81,462	3,335

1	2	3	4
Jammu & Kashmir	4,56,000	4,50,000	4,50,000
Karnataka	2,97,937	1,51,630	1,14,645
Kerala	1,21,385	87,189	58,443
Madhya Pradesh	3,02,571	2,05,306	1,36,635
Maharashtra	6,87,673	5,82,923	5,68,052
Nanipur	1,029	424	424
Orissa	1,64,714	1,44,588	1,31,598
Punjab	1,39,225	1,01,332	99,301
Rajasthan	5,90,428	5,49,228	3,91,031
Tamil Nadu	1,62,981	1,53,616	1,34,398
Tripura	2,011	1,911	1,502
Uttar Pradesh	5,03,215	4,76,358	4,44,252
West Bengal	11,85,631	10,88,293	8,06,739
Dadra, Nagar & Haveli	8,958	6,776	4,095
Delhi	1,145	1,103	284
Pondicherry	2,300	1,141	899
TOTAL	73,55,919	58,37,104	45,09,466

Legal aid Committees at State Level

1985. SHRIMATI ILA BHATTACHARYA : Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the number of Legal Aid Committees that have so been i die State level with a view to *c* legal assistance to the landless Adivasis Statewise; and

(b) the ex' Legal Aid C succe^ ferret and I Pradesh three years?

THE OF W]
(SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO) : (a) and (b) The requisite information is being collected from the State Governments/Union Territories and will be laid on the Table of the House later.

Pan Masala Advertisement

* 1986. SHRI O.J. JOSEPH : the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING b to state :

Government have any representation from a avion *£or* bannine ment 011 'Pan Masala' on health rounds; and

(b) if so, what are the d thereof and the action by Government, thereon ?